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COVER PHOTO: To examine the interactive effects of large herbivores and previous burns on fire behavior, Young et al. (*Ecosphere*, Volume 13, Issue 3, Article e3980; https://doi.org/10.1002/ecs2.3980) report on 36 controlled burns set in the Kenya Long-term Exclosure Experiment (KLEE) at the Mpala Research Centre and Conservancy on the Laikipia Plateau in Kenya in 2013 and again in 2018. The fires burned the grassy understory, top-killing saplings but not adults of the mono-dominant tree *Acacia drepanolobium*, triggering mass evacuations of their symbiotic ants. Their research found multiple measures of fire behavior in the controlled burns were positively correlated and found, despite certain differences between the fires conducted in 2013 and those in 2018, strong indications of postfire resilience. Photo credit: Dedan Ngatia.

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